

1937

c 228 Pharmacy Act

Ontario

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CHAPTER 228.

The Pharmacy Act.

1. The Ontario College of Pharmacy, hereinafter called "the College," is continued. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 1. Ontario College of Pharmacy.

2. The College may purchase, take and possess for the purposes of the College, but for no other purpose, and after acquiring the same, may sell, mortgage, lease or dispose of any real estate. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 2. Powers as to real estate.

PHARMACEUTICAL COUNCIL.

3.—(1) There shall be a council of the College to be called the Pharmaceutical Council, hereinafter called "the Council," which shall consist of thirteen members, who shall be elected as hereinafter provided, and shall hold office for two years, from and including the third Monday in November next following such election. Council, of whom composed.

(2) The Council shall, subject to the by-laws thereof, have sole control of the real and personal property of the College, and authority to grant certificates of competency to conduct the business of a chemist or druggist, and to be registered subject to the provisions of this Act. Powers of Council.

(3) The members of the Council shall be elected from among those members of the College who are entitled to vote at the election of the members of the Council. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 3. Qualification.

4.—(1) The Province of Ontario shall, for the purposes of this Act, be divided into thirteen electoral districts described in Schedule A. Electoral districts.

(2) The Council may re-arrange the geographical boundaries of the electoral districts by by-law, approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, but such re-arrangement shall not be made more often than once in ten years. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 4. Re-arrangement of.

5. An election of members of the Council shall be held on the first Wednesday in August in every second year and the persons qualified to vote in any electoral district at the Election of members of Council.

election shall be every member of the College who on the 1st day of June in such election year resides in the Province of Ontario and who is carrying on the business of a retail chemist in such electoral district as a proprietor thereof or as a registered manager of a retail incorporated company carrying on such business and who is liable to pay and has paid on or before the said last mentioned date the annual fee under this Act. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 5.

Local
qualifica-
tion.

6.—(1) One member of the Council shall be elected for each electoral district.

Manner of
election.

(2) The manner of holding such election, with respect to notification of the electors of the time and place of holding the election, the nomination of candidates, the presiding officer thereat, the taking and counting of the votes, the giving of a casting vote in case of an equality of votes, and other necessary details shall be determined by by-law of the Council, and in default of such by-law may be prescribed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 6.

Resignations,
vacancies.

7. A member of the Council may at any time resign by notice in writing to the registrar of the College, and in the event of such resignation or in the event of a vacancy occurring, the remaining members of the Council shall appoint a member of the College carrying on business in the electoral district in the representation of which the vacancy occurs to fill the same. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 7.

President
and officers.

8. The Council shall, at their first meeting, elect from among themselves a president and a vice-president, and shall appoint a registrar and such other officers as the Council may consider necessary. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 8.

Meetings of
the Council.

9.—(1) The Council shall hold at least two meetings for the transaction of general business in every year, on the first Monday in June and the third Monday in November, at such place as they may by resolution appoint.

Notice of
meetings.

(2) Unless otherwise provided by by-law of the Council notice of such two meetings shall be given once a week for at least four weeks in the *Ontario Gazette*, and in at least two newspapers published in the City of Toronto. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 9.

POWERS OF COUNCIL.

Powers of
Council as
to school of
instruction.

10.—(1) The Council may establish and carry on a school of instruction and appoint such professors, lecturers, instructors, officers, servants and employees therefor as may be deemed necessary.

(2) The school now established and carried on by the School Council in the City of Toronto may be continued. R.S.O. continued.
1927, c. 199, s. 10.

11.—(1) Subject to the disallowance thereof by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, the Council may prescribe the subjects upon which candidates for certificates of competency shall be examined, and a curriculum of studies to be pursued by the students, establish a scale of fees, not to exceed \$25, to be paid by persons applying for examination, make by-laws, rules and orders for the regulation of its own meetings and proceedings and those of the College, and for the discipline, suspension or expulsion for cause of any student, and for suspension for cause of any apprentice from serving under his contract of apprenticeship for a period not exceeding one year, and for the remuneration and appointment of examiners and officers of the College, for defining the duties of such examiners and officers, for the payment of remuneration or indemnity to the members of the Council for attending its meetings or upon the business of the College, and in respect to any other matters which the Council may deem requisite for the carrying out of the provisions of this Act.

(2) Not more than five cents per mile for travelling expenses, or more than \$10 per diem for such days as a member is in actual attendance at a meeting of the Council, or at any meeting mentioned in subsection 3 or upon the business of the College including going to and returning therefrom, shall be allowed to him for such expenses and remuneration.

(3) The Council may appoint, from time to time, one or more representatives to attend meetings of inter-provincial or other pharmaceutical associations, and may pay out of the College funds to any one or more of such associations such sums as it may deem proper. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 11.

12. The examinations of the College may be conducted by the members of the Council, or by persons appointed by the Council. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 12.

WHO MAY APPLY FOR CERTIFICATES.

13.—(1) Subject to the rules, regulations and by-laws, the following persons and no others may be admitted as candidates for certificates of competency,—

- (a) any person who has registered as an apprentice prior to the 23rd day of March, 1889, and who furnishes to the Council satisfactory evidence of having, in pursuance of a binding contract in

writing for that purpose, approved of by the Council, served as an apprentice to a regularly qualified pharmaceutical chemist for a term of not less than three years;

- (b) any person of the full age of twenty-one years, registered as an apprentice on or after the 23rd day of March, 1889, who furnishes to the Council satisfactory evidence of having so served as an apprentice for a term of not less than four years and who has attended two courses of lectures at the school, comprising pharmacy, practical pharmacy, chemistry, practical chemistry, materia medica, botany and reading and dispensing prescriptions, and such other subject or subjects as the Council may from time to time deem advisable.

Term of apprenticeship, how calculated.

- (2) The period occupied in attending the first of the two courses of lectures may be counted as part of the term of apprenticeship.

Provision for death, etc., of employer.

- (3) If any person, by reason of the death, failure in business, or removal of his employer, or from any other cause satisfactory to the Council, is unable to complete his term of apprenticeship he may enter into a new contract to complete the remainder of his unfulfilled term with any other regularly qualified pharmaceutical chemist.

Case of apprentices prior to 25th March, 1884.

- (4) Nothing in this section shall apply to any person who had, prior to the 25th day of March, 1884, begun his apprenticeship with a regularly qualified pharmaceutical chemist without such binding contract in writing. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 13.

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATIONS.

Matriculation, requirements as to.

- 14.**—(1) Every person desirous of becoming apprenticed shall before the term of his apprenticeship begins send to the registrar the sum of \$1 together with a certificate showing that the applicant has passed the examination required for Ontario university matriculation, or possesses academic qualifications in the opinion of the Council equal to that of Ontario university matriculation.

Applicant to be entitled to be registered.

- (2) Upon complying with the provisions of this section the applicant shall be entitled to be registered as an apprentice. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 14.

REGISTRATION.

Register, how kept.

- 15.** The registrar shall keep a register (Form 1) of all persons entitled to be registered as pharmaceutical chemists under this Act, and shall enter opposite the names of all

registered persons who have died a statement of that fact, and shall make all necessary alterations in the addresses of persons registered, and shall cause to be printed and published, on or before the 15th day of June of each year, an alphabetical list of the members who were on the 1st day of June of that year entitled to carry on business as pharmaceutical chemists. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 15.

16. Any person who has passed the prescribed examination to the satisfaction of the Council shall be entered upon the register, and shall become a member of the College. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 16. Registration and membership.

17. All persons approved of by the Council who hold diplomas from the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain, or certificates from any Pharmaceutical College in the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere, may be registered as members of the College without the examination prescribed by this Act. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 17. Idem. Diplomas from other societies.

18. No name shall be entered in the register unless the registrar is satisfied by proper evidence that the person claiming is entitled to be registered, and any appeal from the decision of the registrar shall be decided by the Council, and any entry proved to the satisfaction of the Council to have been fraudulently or incorrectly made, may be erased from or amended in the register by order of the Council. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 18. Who may be entered on the register. Appeal from decision of the registrar. Correction of fraudulent entries.

19. Upon a person being registered he shall be entitled to receive a certificate (Form 2) under the corporate seal of the College, and signed by the registrar, and such certificate shall be *prima facie* evidence in all courts, and upon all proceedings of whatever kind of its execution and contents. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 19. Certificate of registration. Evidence.

20.—(1) There shall be payable to the registrar, for the use of the College, on the 1st day of May of each year or such other day as the Council may fix by by-law, by every person registered and carrying on business as a pharmaceutical chemist and by every registered director and registered manager of an incorporated company carrying on the business of a pharmaceutical chemist such sum not exceeding \$6 as may be determined by by-laws of the Council, and if such person or incorporated company carries on business in more than one shop each such person and his registered manager and each registered director and registered manager of such incorporated company shall pay a further sum, not exceeding Annual fees.

S6, as provided by the by-laws of the Council, for each additional place of business carried on.

Business to be managed by registered chemist.

(2) Every place of business of a retail druggist or chemist and every branch thereof shall be personally managed by a pharmaceutical chemist registered under this Act. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 20.

Who alone may act as pharmaceutical chemist.

21. Any person registered under section 16, and no other person, shall be entitled to be called a pharmaceutical chemist, and no person except a pharmaceutical chemist, or his registered apprentice, shall compound prescriptions of medical practitioners; but no person shall be entitled to any of the privileges of a pharmaceutical chemist, or of a member of the College, who is in default in respect to any fees payable by him by virtue of this Act. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 21.

Erasing name of member on conviction of offence.

R.S.C. c. 44.

Rev. Stat. c. 294.

22.—(1) Upon a resolution of the Council being passed declaring that any person in consequence of his conviction of a crime, or of an offence against the *Opium or Narcotic Drug Act* (Canada) or an offence against *The Liquor Control Act*, or an offence against this Act, is in the opinion of the Council unfit to be on the register, the Council may direct that the name of such person shall be erased therefrom and the registrar shall erase the same accordingly, and his certificate authorizing him to carry on the business of a pharmaceutical chemist shall *ipso facto* be void and be of no force or effect for such period not exceeding two years in the case of a person convicted of a crime or an offence against the *Opium or Narcotic Drug Act* (Canada) and not exceeding one year in the case of a person convicted of an offence against *The Liquor Control Act*, or this Act, as the Council shall determine by such resolution or until the Council of the said College shall see fit at its discretion after the expiration of such period to reinstate such pharmaceutical chemist who shall not in the meantime be appointed or act as the employee, clerk, manager or director of, or vote or otherwise interfere as a shareholder in the business of any incorporated company dealing in drugs or medicines under this Act; provided, however, that during the period between the Council meetings a committee of the Council consisting of the president, the chairman of the by-laws and legislation committee and the chairman of the infringement committee thereof may suspend the certificate of registration of such person so convicted until the next meeting of the Council when the same may be considered by the Council and dealt with as in this section provided, and during such suspension the person so convicted shall not be entitled to carry on the business of a pharmaceutical chemist nor shall he be appointed or act as the employee, clerk, manager or

Proviso.

director of, or vote or otherwise interfere as a shareholder in the business of any incorporated company dealing in drugs or medicines under this Act.

(2) The Council may by resolution declare any apprentice convicted of any of the offences hereinbefore mentioned in this section unfit to serve under a contract of apprenticeship and that such apprentice be barred for a period of time not exceeding one year as the resolution shall provide, from service under his contract of apprenticeship; provided, however, that during the period between the Council meetings a committee of the Council consisting of the president, the chairman of the by-laws and legislation committee and the chairman of the infringement committee thereof may suspend from service under a contract of apprenticeship any apprentice so convicted until the next meeting of the Council when the same may be considered by the Council and dealt with as in this section provided.

Suspension
of service of
apprentice.

Proviso.

(3) No action or other proceeding shall be brought or taken by or on behalf of any person convicted of any of the crimes or offences mentioned in subsection 1 against the Council or any committee thereof for anything done or attempted in good faith under this section notwithstanding any want of form in the proceedings of the Council or of the committee.

Person
convicted
not to
bring action
against
Council.

23. Every pharmaceutical chemist carrying on business on his own account and every manager of each place of business shall display his certificate in a conspicuous position in such place of business, or the place of business which he manages. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 22.

Certificate
to be
publicly
displayed.

24. Every person registered as a pharmaceutical chemist shall, on retiring from business, give the registrar notice in writing of the same, and his name shall be erased from the register, and he shall cease to enjoy any of the privileges of the College, and in default of such notice he shall remain liable for his annual registration fee; but any such person may resume business at any time after retiring therefrom upon giving notice in writing to the registrar of his intention so to do, and upon payment of the annual registration fee for the then current year. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 24.

Retirement
from
business.

Resumption.

25. Nothing in this Act shall prevent the executor or administrator or the trustee of the estate of any person legally authorized to carry on and actually carrying on the business of a pharmaceutical chemist at the time of his death from continuing the business so long only as it is *bona fide* con-

Executors,
etc., carrying
on business
of deceased
chemist, etc.

ducted by a pharmaceutical chemist registered under this Act if such executor, administrator or trustee continues to pay the annual registration fee. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 25.

PREPARATION OF COMPOUNDS.

How
compounds
are to be
prepared.

26. Unless the label distinctly shows that the compound is prepared according to another formula every compound named in the British Pharmacopœia shall be prepared according to the formula directed in the latest edition published "by authority" until the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario selects another standard and thereafter according to such standard. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 26.

SALE OF POISONS, DRUGS OR MEDICINES.

27. No person shall,—

Restriction
on sale of
poisons,
drugs or
medicines.

Exceptions.

(a) sell or keep open shop for retailing, dispensing or compounding poisons, drugs or medicines except patent or proprietary medicines, (subject to section 43) and except turpentine, Epsom salts, senna, alum, borax, castor oil, sulphur, Glauber's salt, cream of tartar, carbonate of soda, bi-carbonate of soda, glycerine, carbonate of magnesia, citrate of magnesia, Rochelle salts, blue stone, copperas, saltpetre, spirits of nitre, rhubarb root, solution of ammonia, phosphate of soda, gum camphor, quinine, hydrogen peroxide, or chloride of lime, or sell or attempt to sell any of the articles mentioned in Schedule C; or

Assumption
of title of
"Chemist,"
etc.

(b) assume or use the title of "Chemist and Druggist," or "Chemist," or "Druggist," or "Pharmacist," or "Apothecary," or "Dispensing Chemist," or "Dispensing Druggist," or use the designation "Drug Store," "Pharmacy," "Drugs" or "Medicines," or any sign, title or advertisement, implying or calculated to lead the public to infer that he is registered under this Act;

unless such person is registered under this Act and has a certificate under section 19. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 27.

Shops kept
by incor-
porated
companies.

28. No incorporated company shall do any of the acts prohibited by section 27 unless the majority of the directors thereof are duly registered under this Act, and unless one of such directors personally manages and conducts such open shop, and has his name and certificate displayed in a conspicuous position therein, and no person not so registered

shall in any way interfere with or take part in the management and conduct of such shop, and anything done or omitted which would be an offence under this Act if done or omitted by an individual shall be an offence by each of such registered directors, and by such company, and the prosecution of any one or more of them shall not be a bar to the prosecution of the other or others. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 28.

29.—(1) Nothing in this Act shall prevent the sale by persons not registered of Paris green, hellebore, tincture of iodine, arsenate of lead, carbolic acid, not exceeding a five per centum solution, formaldehyde and London purple, if such articles are sold in well secured packages distinctly labelled with the name and address of the person preparing or putting up such packages and marked "poison." What poisons may be sold by any person and when.

(2) A record shall be kept by the vendor in a book for that purpose of the name and address of each person to whom such carbolic acid is sold. Entry of sale of carbolic acid. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 29.

30. Every incorporated company dealing in drugs or medicines under this Act shall before commencing business furnish the registrar with the name and address of each of its directors and thereafter if any change is made in such directors shall forthwith furnish the registrar with the names and addresses of any new directors. Names and addresses of directors. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 30.

31. The articles mentioned in Schedule C shall be deemed to be poisons within the meaning of this Act, and the Council may by resolution declare that any article in the resolution named ought to be deemed a poison within the meaning of this Act, and thereupon the Council shall submit the resolution for the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, and if approved, such resolution and the approval thereof shall be published in the *Ontario Gazette*, and on the expiration of one month from such publication the article named in the resolution shall be deemed to be a poison within the meaning of this Act, and the same shall be subject to the provisions thereof, or such of them as may be directed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. Certain articles to be deemed poisons. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 31.

32.—(1) No person or incorporated company shall sell any poison, either by wholesale or retail, unless the box, bottle, vessel, wrapper or cover in which the poison is contained is distinctly labelled with the name of the article and the word "poison," and if sold by retail, then also with the name and address of the proprietor of the establishment in which such poison is sold, and no person shall sell any poison of those which are in the first part of Schedule C, or may hereafter Certain poisons to be sold only in a certain manner. Regulations to be observed in the sale of poisons.

be added thereto under section 31, to any person unknown to the seller unless introduced by some person known to the seller, and on every sale of any such article the person actually selling the same shall, before delivery, make an entry (Form 3) in a book to be kept for that purpose, stating the date of the sale, the name and address of the purchaser, the name and quantity of the article sold, the purpose for which it is stated by the purchaser to be required, and the name of the person who introduced him, to which entry the signature of the purchaser shall be affixed.

Sale of carbolic acid by retail.

(2) In addition to the requirements of subsection 1, carbolic acid, above a five per centum solution, shall not be sold by retail except,—

(a) in a glass bottle of light blue colour having six sides, the front being of plain surface, upon which the label shall be placed, and two opposite sides having blown on them the words "poison," "use with caution," and prominent points on the other portion of the surface thereof in such a manner as to render the bottle distinguishable to the touch from ordinary bottles; or

(b) in such other bottle as may be authorized by the Council from time to time by regulation approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council; and

(c) subject to such other regulations as may be enacted by by-law of the Council approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

Exceptions.

Imp. Act 31 and 32 V. c. 121, s. 17.

(3) Nothing in this section shall apply to any article when forming part of the ingredients of any medicine prescribed by a legally qualified medical practitioner if the medicine is labelled with the name and address of the seller and the ingredients thereof are entered with the name of the person to whom it is sold or delivered in a book to be kept for that purpose. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 32.

Sale of articles in Sched. D.

33.—(1) No person or incorporated company shall sell by retail any article mentioned in Schedule D except on a prescription for every sale signed by a legally qualified medical practitioner, dentist or veterinary surgeon.

Amendment of Sched. D.

(2) The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may amend Schedule D by adding any article thereto or striking any article therefrom, but no such amendment shall come into force until thirty days after the publication of a notice thereof in the *Ontario Gazette*. 1937, c. 56, s. 2, *part*.

34.—(1) The Minister of Health may require any medical practitioner, dentist, veterinary surgeon or pharmaceutical chemist, to report from time to time to the Minister or to the College the quantity of any article mentioned in Schedule D which he has sold or prescribed. Reports to the Minister of Health.

(2) The Minister may require the registrar of the College to report from time to time to him any information in the possession of the registrar or the College with respect to any article mentioned in Schedule D. Reports by the registrar.

(3) Where it appears to the Minister that any medical practitioner, dentist, veterinary surgeon or pharmaceutical chemist has sold or prescribed an excessive, unreasonable or improper amount of any article mentioned in Schedule D, or has failed or neglected to make a proper and complete report as mentioned in subsection 1, the Minister may report such matter to the disciplinary body of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, the Ontario Veterinary Association or the Ontario College of Pharmacy, as the case may be. Disciplinary action.

(4) Every such disciplinary body shall have the same power to inquire into the matter and to discipline any member of the profession whom it finds to have sold or prescribed an excessive, unreasonable or improper amount of any article mentioned in Schedule D, as the Act creating or governing such body confers upon it in cases where a member of the profession is charged with unprofessional conduct, and every finding, direction or order made under this section shall be subject to any appeal provided by the said Act. 1937, c. 56, s. 2, *part*. Powers of disciplinary body.

35. Any book by this Act required to be kept shall be open to inspection by any police officer or constable, or any authorized agent of the College. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 33. Books to be open to inspection by constables and agent of College.

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

36. The prohibitions, restrictions and provisions contained in this Act as to selling poisons shall extend to exhibiting or offering for sale, or giving, furnishing or otherwise disposing of them. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 34. Selling to include giving, furnishing or disposing of poisons.

37. No person shall wilfully or knowingly sell any article under the representation or pretence that it is a particular drug or medicine which it is not, and any person so doing, in addition to any other penalty to which he may be liable, shall incur the penalty prescribed by section 38. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 35. Penalties on wrongful sales.

Penalties.

38.—(1) Any person or incorporated company who contravenes any of the provisions of this Act, shall for the first offence incur a penalty of not less than \$20 nor more than \$100 and for each offence committed subsequent to conviction for such first offence a penalty of not less than \$50 nor more than \$200, such penalties to be recoverable under *The Summary Convictions Act*, and the amounts recovered shall be paid over by the convicting magistrate or justice to the registrar for the use of the College.

Rev. Stat.
c. 136.Application
of penalties.

(2) The College shall forthwith refund so much of the penalty as has been received by the registrar in any case upon an order to that effect being passed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 36.

Onus of
proof.

39. In any prosecution under this Act the burden shall rest on the defendant to prove that he is registered and holds a certificate under this Act, and to give evidence sufficient *prima facie* to prove that no unregistered person who personally takes any part in selling or dispensing drugs or medicines is interested with him in his sales thereof. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 37.

Price of
articles sold
contrary to
this Act not
to be
recovered.

40. A person who sells any article in violation of the provisions of this Act shall not be entitled to recover any charges in respect thereof. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 38.

ACT NOT TO AFFECT MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS.

Saving as
to qualified
medical prac-
titioners, etc.Rev. Stat.
c. 225.

41. Nothing in this Act shall affect or interfere with the rights and privileges conferred upon a legally qualified medical practitioner by *The Medical Act*, and where such medical practitioner desires to carry on the business of a pharmaceutical chemist, as defined by this Act, he shall not be required to pass the examination prescribed by the College, but he shall register as a pharmaceutical chemist and comply with all other requirements of this Act. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 39.

Sales to
chemists,
etc., not
affected.

42. Nothing in this Act shall prevent any person from selling goods of any kind to a pharmaceutical chemist or to a legally qualified medical practitioner or to a veterinary surgeon, or shall prevent a legally qualified medical practitioner or a veterinary surgeon from supplying such medicine as he may prescribe, or, except as provided by section 30, shall interfere with the business of wholesale dealers in supplying poisons, or other articles in the ordinary course of wholesale dealing. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 40.

43.—(1) Nothing in this Act shall interfere with or affect Selling patent medicines. the making or dealing in any proprietary or patent medicine.

(2) The words “proprietary or patent medicine” in this “Proprietary or patent medicine,” meaning of, R.S.C. c. 151. Act shall have the meaning and be defined as in The *Proprietary and Patent Medicine Act* (Canada). R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 41.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

44. The Council may elect as honorary members of the Honorary membership. College such persons as they may deem eminent for scientific attainments, but no such honorary member shall be entitled to vote at elections or carry on the business of pharmaceutical chemists unless registered as a pharmaceutical chemist. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 42.

DIVISION ASSOCIATIONS.

45. In each of the electoral districts there may be established a division association, which may be called the “Division Association” of such district, of which every member of the College residing in such district shall be a member, and each representative in the Council shall be *ex officio* chairman of such division association. Division associations and electoral districts. R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, s. 43.

SCHEDULE A.

(Section 4 (1).)

ELECTORAL DISTRICTS.

No. 1 Division.—The Counties of Glengarry, Prescott, Stormont, Russell, Renfrew, Dundas, Carleton, Lanark and Grenville.

No. 2 Division.—The Counties of Leeds, Frontenac, Lennox and Addington, Prince Edward and Hastings.

No. 3 Division.—The Counties of Northumberland, Durham, Peterborough, Victoria, Haliburton and Ontario.

No. 4 Division.—That portion of the City of Toronto east of Spadina Avenue and Spadina Road.

No. 5 Division.—That portion of the City of Toronto west of Spadina Avenue and Spadina Road.

No. 6 Division.—The Counties of Simcoe and York and the Districts of Parry Sound and Muskoka.

No. 7 Division.—The Counties of Wellington, Halton, Peel, Dufferin and Perth.

No. 8 Division.—The Counties of Wentworth, Lincoln and Welland.

No. 9 Division.—The Counties of Brant, Waterloo, Haldimand and Norfolk.

No. 10 Division.—The Districts of Rainy River, Thunder Bay, Algoma, Nipissing, Sudbury, Temiskaming, Kenora and Manitoulin.

No. 11 Division.—The Counties of Elgin, Middlesex and Oxford.

No. 12 Division.—The Counties of Huron, Grey and Bruce.

No. 13 Division.—The Counties of Lambton, Kent and Essex.

SCHEDULE B.

Forms.

FORM 1.

(Section 15.)

REGISTER.

Name	Residence	Qualifications	Remarks
A. B.	Kingston.	In business for three years prior to (date).	Dead.
C. D.	Toronto.	Examined and Certified (date).	Erased by order of the Lieut.-Gov., (date).
E. F.	London.	Served apprenticeship and as assistant.	

R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, Sched. B, Form 1.

FORM 2.

(Section 19.)

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

I hereby certify that *C. D.* having complied with the requirements of *The Pharmacy Act*, was on the day of , A.D. 19 , duly registered as a Pharmaceutical Chemist, and is authorized to carry on the business of Chemist and Druggist in the Province of Ontario, from the day of , 19 , to the day of , 19 .

R. F.,

Registrar of the Ontario College of Pharmacy.

[Corporate Seal].

R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, Sched. B, Form 2.

FORM 3.

(Section 32.)

ENTRY OF SALE.

Date	Name of purchaser.	Name and quantity of poison sold.	Purpose for which it is required.	Signature of purchaser.	Address of purchaser.	Name of person introducing purchaser.	Name of medical practitioner or whose prescription furnished.

R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, Sched. B, Form 3.

SCHEDULE C.

(Section 27.)

PART I.

Acid, Hydrocyanic (Prussic),
 Aconite, and preparations and
 compounds thereof,
 Antimony, Tartarated (Tartar Em-
 etic),
 Arsenic, and preparations and com-
 pounds thereof, except Paris
 Green,
 Atropine,
 Carbolic Acid, exceeding a five per
 centum solution,
 Chloral Hydrate,
 Cocaine, and its salts or any ad-
 mixture thereof,
 Digitalin,
 Ergot, and preparations and com-
 pounds thereof,

Eucaïne, and its salts or any ad-
 mixture thereof,
 Heroin,
 Indian Hemp,
 Mercury Bichloride (Corrosive Sub-
 limiate),
 Morphine, and its salts, or any ad-
 mixture thereof,
 Nux Vomica,
 Oil of Cedar,
 Opium, including crude opium,
 powdered opium, or opium pre-
 pared or in course of prepara-
 tion for smoking,
 Savin, and all preparations there-
 of,
 Strychnine, and its salts,
 Veratrine.

PART II.

Acetanilide (Antifebrin),	Mercury and preparations,
Acid, Oxalic,	Oil of Bitter Almonds,
Antimony, preparations of,	Oil of Pennyroyal and prepara-
Antipyrine,	tions,
Belladonna, and preparations and	Oil of Tansy,
compounds thereof,	Phenacetin,
Calabar Beans,	Phosphorous in a free state,
Cantharides,	Pink Root,
Chloroform,	Podophyllin,
Columbian Spirits,	(Resin Podophyllin),
Conium and preparations thereof,	Potassium Bromide,
Cotton Root and preparations	Potassium Cyanide,
thereof,	Potassium Iodide,
Cocculus Indicus (Fish Berry),	Rue and all preparations,
Creosote,	St. Ignatius Beans,
Croton Oil and Seeds,	Santonin,
Elaterium,	Sabadilla Seeds,
Ether,	Scammony,
Euphorbium,	Sulfonal,
Formaldehyde (Formalin),	Trional,
Goulard's Extract,	Valerian,
Hyoscyamus and preparations,	Verdigris,
Iodine and preparations,	Zinc Sulphate.
Laudanum, but not paregoric,	

R.S.O. 1927, c. 199, Sched. C; 1937, c. 56, s. 3

SCHEDULE D.

(Sections 33, 34.)

Codeine and its salts in any form, except when combined with other medicinal ingredients and not exceeding one-half of one grain of codeine or its salts and not less than the amount set by the British Pharmacopœia as a minimum dose of one of the other medicinal ingredients in each maximum dose of the combination, but where the combination contains two or more such ingredients having a similar action the minimum dose of each ingredient may be reduced to one-half the Pharmacopœial dose where two ingredients are used and to one-third where three ingredients are used, and where the combination contains less than one-half of one grain of codeine or its salts in a maximum dose of the combination the minimum dose of such ingredients may be reduced in proportion to the reduction in codeine.

Amidopyrine and barbituric acid (malonylurea) and derivatives or combinations of either of them with other substances whether sold separately or combined with other substances and whether sold under their proper name or under any trade-name, mark or designation.

1937, c. 56, s. 4.