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c 185 Factors Act

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CHAPTER 185.

The Factors Act.

1.—(1) In this Act,—

- (a) "Document of title" shall include any bill of lading "Document of title." and warehouse receipt, as defined by *The Mercantile* Rev. Stat. Law Amendment Act, any warrant or order for c. 178. the delivery of goods, and any other document used in the ordinary course of business as proof of the possession or control of goods, or authorizing or purporting to authorize, either by endorsement or delivery, the possessor of the document to transfer or receive goods thereby represented;
- (b) "Goods" shall include wares and merchandise;

"Goods."

- (c) "Mercantile agent" shall mean a mercantile agent "Mercantile agent." having, in the customary course of his business as such agent, authority either to sell goods or to consign goods for the purpose of sale, or to buy goods, or to raise money on the security of goods;
- (d) "Pledge" shall include any contract pledging or "Pledge." giving a lien or security on goods, whether in consideration of an original advance or of any further or continuing advance or of any pecuniary liability.
- (2) A person shall be deemed to be in possession of goods Possession. or of the documents of title to goods where the goods or documents are in his actual custody or are held by any other person subject to his control or for him or on his behalf. R.S.O. 1927, c. 168, s. 1.
- 2.—(1) Where a mercantile agent is, with the consent of Powers of the owner, in possession of goods or of the documents of title disposition to goods any sale, pledge or other disposition of the goods of goods. made by him, when acting in the ordinary course of business of a mercantile agent, shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be as valid as if he were expressly authorized by the owner of the goods to make the same; provided that the person Proviso. taking under the disposition acts in good faith and has not at the time thereof notice that the person making the disposition has not authority to make the same.

has been determined.

Revocation of consent.

owner, been in possession of goods or of documents of title to goods, any sale, pledge or other disposition which would have been valid if the consent had continued, shall be valid notwithstanding the determination of the consent; provided that the person taking under the disposition acts in good faith and has not at the time thereof notice that the consent

Proviso.

Derivative documents.

(3) Where a mercantile agent has obtained possession of any documents of title to goods by reason of his being or having been, with the consent of the owner, in possession of the goods represented thereby, or of any other documents of title to the goods, his possession of the first mentioned documents shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be with the consent of the owner.

(2) Where a mercantile agent has, with the consent of the

Presumption.

(4) For the purposes of this Act the consent of the owner shall be presumed in the absence of evidence to the contrary. R.S.O. 1927, c. 168, s. 2.

Effect of pledge of documents of title. lmp. Act, 52-53 V. c. 45, s. 3.

- Pledge for antecedent debt. Idem, s. 4.
- 3. A pledge by a mercantile agent of the documents of title to goods shall be deemed to be a pledge of the goods. R.S.O. 1927, c. 168, s. 3.
- 4. Where a mercantile agent pledges goods as security for a debt due from or liability incurred by the pledgor to the pledgee before the time of the pledge the pledgee shall acquire no further right to the goods than could have been enforced by the pledgor at the time of the pledge. R.S.O. 1927, c. 168, s. 4.

What consideration necessary.

5. The consideration necessary for the validity of a sale, pledge or other disposition of goods by a mercantile agent, in pursuance of this Act, may be either a payment in cash or the delivery or transfer of other goods, or of a document of title to goods, or of a negotiable security or any other valuable consideration; but where goods are pledged by a mercantile agent in consideration of the delivery or transfer of other goods, or of a document of title to goods, or of a negotiable security or of other valuable consideration, the pledgee shall acquire no right or interest in the goods so pledged in excess of the value of the goods, document, security or other valuable consideration when so delivered or transferred in exchange. R.S.O. 1927, c. 168, s. 5.

Rights acquired by exchange of goods or documents. Idem, s. 5.

Agreements through clerks, etc. Idem, s. 6.

6. For the purposes of this Act an agreement made with a mercantile agent through a clerk or other person authorized in the ordinary course of business to make contracts of sale or pledge on his behalf shall be deemed to be an agreement with the agent. R.S.O. 1927, c. 168, s. 6.

- 7.—(1) Where the owner of the goods has given possession Rights of of the goods to another person for the purpose of consigne-making ment or sale, or has shipped the goods in the name of another good faith. person, and the consignee of the goods has not had notice that such person is not the owner of the goods, the consignee shall, in respect of advances made in good faith to or for the use of such person, have the same lien on the goods as if such person were the owner of the goods, and may transfer any such lien to another person.
- (2) Nothing in this section shall limit or affect the validity sale, etc., by of any sale, pledge, or disposition by a mercantile agent. agent. R.S.O. 1927, c. 168, s. 7. Imp. Act, 52-53 V. c. 45, s. 7.
- 8. For the purposes of this Act the transfer of a docu-Mode of ment of title may be by endorsement, or where the document documents. is by custom or by its express terms transferable by delivery, Idem, s. 11. or makes the goods deliverable to the bearer, then by delivery. R.S.O. 1927, c. 168, s. 8.
- 9.—(1) Nothing in this Act shall authorize an agent to Liability of exceed or depart from his authority as between himself and agent. 8, 12, his principal, or exempt him from any liability for so doing,
- (2) Nothing in this Act shall prevent the owner of goods saving of from recovering them from his agent at any time before the owner to sale or pledge thereof, or shall prevent the owner of goods recover possession. pledged by an agent from having the right to redeem the goods at any time before the sale thereof on satisfying the claim for which the goods were pledged, and paying to the agent, if by him required, any money in respect of which the agent would by law be entitled to retain the goods or the documents of title thereto, or any of them, by way of lien as against the owner, or from recovering from any person with whom the Or to goods have been pledged any balance of money remaining balance of in his hands as the produce of the sale of the goods after money duc. deducting the amount of his lien.
- (3) Nothing in this Act shall prevent the owner of goods Or the price sold by an agent from recovering from the buyer the price from buyer. agreed to be paid for the same, or any part of that price, subject to any right of set off on the part of the buyer against the agent. R.S.O. 1927, c. 168, s. 9.
- 10. The provisions of this Act shall be construed in ampli-saving for fication and not in derogation of the powers exercisable by common law an agent independently of this Act. R.S.O. 1927, c. 168, s. 10. agents. 13.